



# What is Universal Design for Learning?

• Universal Design for learning (UDL) is a is a set of design principles that are used to provide opportunities to all individuals to ensure equitable access to curriculum, assessment and learning.

http://www.cast.org/udl/

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## Why is UDL Important?

- Students come to learning with a variety of skills, interests and abilities
- Universal Design for Learning provides a "blueprint" for providing instruction and supports to <u>all</u> students
- It is not a single design, but multiple access points to all components of learning





# How can I implement Universal Design in Instruction and Planning?

#### **Delivery method**

- Multiple formats for presentation of information (graphs, charts, technology enhanced, etc.)
- Integrate new learning with old learning

#### **Physical space**

#### Technology

- Use digital formats
- Written transcripts or notes for presentations
- Speech-to-text or text-to-speech

#### **Personal interactions**

- Engage students in learning
- · Give students opportunity to provide multiple modes for expression

#### Assessments

- Use varied formats
- Provide varied modes for response



## PARCC

• By implementing Universal Design principles, leveraging technology, and offering embedded supports, PARCC intends to provide "equal access for all students to demonstrate what they know and can do."

# PARCC Goals for Student Access Apply principles of Universal Design Provide opportunity for students to accurately demonstrate their knowledge and skills Measure the full range of complexity of the standards

- Use technology for delivering assessment components
- Establish Committees on Accessibility, Accommodations, and Fairness

### PARCC-Universal Design and Accommodations

Assessment items

- Are bias-free
- Sensitive to diverse cultures
- Written clearly
- Linguistic complexity is appropriate
- Consistently formatted
- May reduce need for accommodations, but does not eliminate accommodations



### Accessibility Features for All Students

- Are a tool, support, scaffold, or preference that is built into the assessment system that can be activated by **any student**, at his or her own discretion.
- Include Universal Design features that are expected to benefit a diverse array of students and are available to all students.
- Are provided onscreen, stored in a toolbar, or are accessible through a menu or control panel, as needed.
- Are available for students during the assessment to choose which accessibility features they need for specific items. Examples include: audio amplification, highlighting, pop-up glossary, etc.

Acc	essibility Features for All Students
Accessibility Features for All Students	
Audio Amplification	
Blank Paper (provided by test administrator)	
Eliminate Answer Choices	
Flag Items for Review	
General Administration Directions Clarified (by test administrator)	
General Administration Directions Read Aloud and Repeated (by test administrator)	
Highlight Tool	
Headphones	
Magnification/Enlargement Device	
NotePad – may not be available on field test	
Pop-Up Glossary	
Redirect Student to Test (by test administrator)	
Spell Checker – may not be available for Windows	
Writing Tools	

### Accessibility Features Identified in Advance

- Available to <u>all students</u> (i.e., not limited to students with IEPs, 504 plans, or English learners), but will be selected and "turned on" by school-based educators <u>prior</u> to the assessment, based on each student's Personal Needs Profile (PNP).
- Based on each student's individual needs, a PNP (2014-2015) is created for the student to ensure that he or she receives appropriate access without the distraction of other tools and features that are *not* required by the student.
- Although school-based educators will enable specific accessibility features for students, the student will decide whether or not to use the feature. These accessibility features will be readily available on the computer-delivered testing platform.

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**Answer Masking - EOY** 

Background/Font Color (Color Contrast) – select grades for field test

General Masking – may not be available on field test

Line Reader Tool

Text-to-Speech for the Mathematics Assessments (4, 7, Algebra)

## What did you learn?

- Using Universal Design for Learning provides multiple access points for student to learn the content desired.
- Who can benefit from the use of Universal Design for Learning?
- How can Universal Design be implemented during instruction and assessment?
- What are PARCC accessibility features which support Universal Design principles?









